



BLOODY SCENES IN THE SOUTHLAND. THE MOBS' WILL VIRTUALLY SUPREME.

The Sheriffs are Helpless, the Governors are Impotent and the President of the United States Silent.

COLORED MEN SLAUGHTERED.

A Terrible Scene of Carnage—Some Nation Might Well Interfere "in the Interest of Humanity."

ATLANTA, Ga., July 25.—Governor Candler to-night received the following message from Sheriff Patterson of Decatur county, Ga.: "Town in the hands of a mob. Send aid quick."

Governor Candler at once ordered the State militia stationed at Valdosta and Thomasville to proceed with all haste to Bainbridge.

Savannah, Ga., July 25.—Telegraphic orders were received here to-night from Governor Candler, addressed to Captain Middleton, of the State militia at Valdosta, and Captain Smith of Thomasville, to report to Sheriff Patterson at Bainbridge with all your available men at once," and to "act strictly under his orders."

MESSAGE MANDATORY.

The Governor's message is mandatory. It says: "Go at once." The commercial wires having closed, these messages were transmitted over railroad wires from here, and arrangements were immediately made for special cars on the Plant System to take the troops. The train will arrive at Bainbridge at 3 a. m.

The troops are wanted to protect the Sheriff and the jail against the attack of a mob that is after John Williams, (colored) who is charged with assault and attempt to rape upon two white girls. Williams entered their room while they were asleep, and had seized one of the girls when he was frightened away. A large crowd of country people are in town, and swear they will have Williams if they have to dynamite the jail. The Decatur jail is one of the strongest in the State, should an attack upon it be made before the arrival of the troops, there would probably be bloodshed.

HORRIBLE BRUTALITY.

Brinson, Ga., July 25.—Charles Mack leader of the gang that has been robbing and raping in this vicinity, was lynched at Saffold to-day, and his body cut into hundreds of pieces. Mack, after being identified, was taken to the big oak tree near the Oglethorpe home on which Sammons met his death, and strung up. As his feet left the ground hundreds of shots from the mob were fired into his body. After he was dead he was taken down and the body cut into small pieces and distributed among the mob, which numbered from two to five hundred.

Mack and Sammons entered the Oglethorpe home, after robbing the house assaulted Mrs. Oglethorpe in her husband's presence.

RADLY WHIPPED.

Bainbridge, Ga., July 25.—The mob which has been robbing and raping in this vicinity, was lynched at Saffold to-day, and his body cut into hundreds of pieces. Mack, after being identified, was taken to the big oak tree near the Oglethorpe home on which Sammons met his death, and strung up. As his feet left the ground hundreds of shots from the mob were fired into his body. After he was dead he was taken down and the body cut into small pieces and distributed among the mob, which numbered from two to five hundred.

INNOCENT MAN KILLED.

G. A. McDonald, who discovered the colored man, came to town and reported the matter. Both the Sheriff and his deputy being out of town, Mr. McDonald was advised to get up a posse and arrest the colored man. He

succeeded in getting W. A. Smith and H. D. Sanders to accompany him on the mission. When the Negroes were approached they showed fight and one of them was killed, the other getting away.

The coroner's jury has returned a verdict that the dead man was killed, by shots fired by the three men named in self-defense.

Atlanta, Ga., July 25.—Will Wright, a colored man, identified by J. E. Oglethorpe as one of his wife's assassins, was arrested yesterday at Troy, Ala., and brought to Montgomery for safe keeping. As a further safeguard Gov. Candler to night ordered that the pris oner be brought to Atlanta on the train leaving Montgomery at 6 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Other Men Butchered.

Houston, Tex., July 25.—Some two weeks ago a colored man, was lynched in Grimes County. Last night a church at Fuqua Prairie was burned by an incendiary; suspicion fell on John and Randall Hamilton, colored. The latter was first found and, with a rope around his neck, he confessed that John burned the church.

John was found at his home, his answer to a demand for surrender was a volley of buckshot. Van Wright being fatally wounded and Tack Moody slightly injured. The colored man, escaped, badly wounded, but was recaptured today at noon and "ones strung up. No further trouble is expected. Revenge for a former lynching, it is thought, was the motive of the incendiaries.

Denies the Charge.

Thomasville, Ga., July 21.—John Williams, colored, was arrested here to-day for an assault on a white woman in Decatur County one month ago. He denied that he is guilty of the crime specified, but admits that he had to leave the county because of an assault. Williams was then taken aboard a Plant system train this evening for Bainbridge. It is feared that in the excitement attending last night's crime at Saffold, Williams will be lynched upon arrival at Bainbridge.

MEXICO, Mo., July 22.—Frank Embree, the colored man, charged with assaulting Miss Dougherty, near Benton, Howard county, a few weeks ago, while en route to Fayette to-day to be tried for his crime was taken from officers by a mob at Stenmetz and hanged to a tree. The man denied his guilt.

LYNCHING COLORED MEN BY THE WHOLESALE.

A Deplorable Condition.

WILMOT, ARK., July 24.—Chick Davis the colored murderer of Will Grin, a respectable farmer, was lynched here early to-day. He was overtaken in a cornfield and snatched both barrels of his gun at the pursuing party, and was then fired upon by them and instantly killed.

A special to the Atlanta Constitution of Sunday from Bainbridge, Ga., says: A colored man captured near Iron City last night was brought to Saffold and identified as one of the assassins of Mrs. J. E. Oglethorpe last Thursday night. He was lynched at daylight this morning near Saffold. Two other dead colored men were found along

TROUBLE AT THE SHIRT FACTORY.

Colored Girls Find That They Cannot Win There.

TOO LITTLE MONEY.

Over Two-thirds Leave on Pay Day.

New Ones Come In, But Not Enough To Fill Vacancies.

The Old Dominion Shirt Co., opened a branch of its factory at 727 North 3rd St. Sewing machines were put in place and run by a 7-horse power gas engine. At its main factory in Manchester, Va., it had much trouble with the white girls on account, it is alleged, of the low wages paid.

In this case however, it was advertised that girls could make from \$3 to \$6 per week, and it was but a short time before 250 colored girls had registered their names although only from 40 to 60 were needed.

The establishment has been running about three weeks or more and the girls became restless as to the amount of compensation. They were given books in which were placed the result of their labor.

On Saturday last they got an idea of how much they would be paid, which was 2 1/2 cents for sewing twelve pair sleeves, one cent per dozen for hemming and six cents for making one dozen shirts, the patterns being cut out before hand.

As a result of this on Monday for two and three weeks' work some of the girls received from 80c. up to \$1.60, a few received as much as two dollars.

Tuesday morning, out of over forty girls employed, not over ten or twelve reported for work. New ones were sent for and the number on Wednesday last increased to about twenty, but there are many vacant spaces at the machines.

Those who seem to know by experience recount the idea of being able to make \$3.00 per week, believing that only an expert could accomplish the task.

The hours of work were from 7 o'clock to half past five, one half hour being allowed for lunch.

AT SEA-SIDE PARK.

A number of Richmond's citizens went down to Virginia Beach on Monday week to visit Sea-Side Park. The place only needs to be seen to be appreciated. Every natural advantage desired is there—good level ground, ocean front, with a beach as desirable as any on the Atlantic, railroad near by, pine groves, plenty of clear water convenient, workmen putting up bath-houses and other improvements.

This offer to the colored people cannot be surpassed, acquiring such valuable ground at so little cost. Lots are selling for \$25 each, \$2.50 each and \$50. per week, payable at the True Reformers' Bank.

Mr. Nelson Williams, Jr., had charge of the train and every body enjoyed themselves and spent a profitable day. The company invites the closest investigation of property and plan of

operation. The whole property is well situated and could not be better for the purpose intended. The party, received every attention from Mr. Samuel W. Bowman, secretary of Virginia Beach Company, who answered in detail every question asked.

Messrs. W. I. Johnson, Sidney Stanton, S. Shackelford, Wm. Ellis, Jr., B. M. Sublett, Nelson Williams, Jr., Wise Ellis and many others refreshed themselves in the waves of the Atlantic. Bath houses for ladies will be ready by August 1st.

Revs. J. H. Holmes, Z. D. Lewis, W. H. White, Captain B. A. Graves, John R. Chiles, A. W. Hughes, Thomas Smith, Mrs. M. A. Browne, Mrs. R. D. Bowser, Mrs. Joseph Farrar, Mrs. A. W. G. Farrar, Mrs. A. T. Grimes, Mrs. M. A. Cross, Misses L. V. Bolling, Annie Haskins and many others whose names we do not remember were among those who expressed themselves as being highly pleased with the situation.

Mr. Nelson Williams, Jr., tells us the company desires to place in Richmond 500 lots. We have no doubt from what was seen and from what we have heard that this end will be attained very soon.

Everybody returned to Richmond with a pleasant recollection of a happy day spent at Sea-Side Park with privileges never before offered to our people. If you are in doubt go down and see for yourself. The committee will try to arrange for August 7th.

MASS-MEETING.

Odd Fellows in Conference.

The second monthly meeting of the Odd Fellows' Conference will be held at the New Odd Fellows' Hall, 3rd St., Monday, July 31st at 8:30 p. m.

Every Odd Fellow who wishes the success of the Order is requested to come and take a part in the meeting. Subject for special discussion: "The Past, Present and Future Possibilities." Discussion opened by M. V. P., Morton Deane, followed by M. V. P., W. O. Turner. Five minutes speeches will then be allowed on the subject under discussion.

Let every member come to the meeting.

M. V. P., R. B. BROOKER TAYLOR, President;

M. V. P., HENRY MALLORY, Sec'y.

OLD BANISTER SPEAKS.

The First Gun of the Association.

Resolved, That this Association stands by the Virginia Baptist State Convention and that we reaffirm our allegiance thereto.

2nd. That we endorse Virginia Seminary and its management, and that we do heartily approve the course pursued by Prof. G. W. Hayes, that our prayers and money go with the Seminary for its success.

Committee on Resolutions.

BANISTER ON CO-OPERATION.

Resolved, That we, The Banister Baptist Association, endorse "The Co-operative Plan," as is understood and accepted by the Va. Baptist State Convention, The Home Mission Society, and The Southern Baptist Convention.

But be distinctly understood that we favor co-operation only so long as the Va. Baptist State Convention is or may be a party to the contract.

F. T. HENDERSON.

MATTAPONI SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION SPEAKS.

The above named intelligent body, composed of some 42 schools in session last week at Beaver Dam, endorsed the Baptist State Convention, the National Baptist Convention and the National Baptist Publication Board. And so the good work moves on.

W. F. GRAMAM.

Meetings in the city jail were conducted last Sunday by Brothers James Hines, George Edwards and Brown. The committee reported 110 boys and men, and 16 girls and women in jail.

The boys enjoyed a treat last Sunday. Asst. J. J. Spottwood gave them an address that was full of good advice. Subject, "The Truthful Boy."

Mr. J. L. Phillips of Washington, D. C., held the attention of the men last Sunday for thirty minutes with an address that all men should have heard. Subject, "True Manhood."

We are very proud to know that two of our young men have been successful in securing appointments for schools in Henrico, Profs. Thos. H. Wyatt and W. H. Morgan both are worthy young men. We know their former pupils and friends regret to give them up. We wish them both much success.

Mr. Edward Ellis, Jr., will address the boys Sunday 4 P. M. All boys are invited.

B-other J. Y. Harris, one of our faithful workers will address the men Sunday 5:30 P. M. Subject, "Power." Free to all men. Good singing, led by Director C. C. Williams, accompanied by our organist, Prof. Thomas H. Wyatt. Tell the next man. Our rooms are pleasant—plenty of fans.

Our President, Mr. E. T. Hill, is much better. We hope to see him very soon.

The collector is polite. Pay him promptly please.

A SOLDIER SPEAKS PLAINLY.

CONDITIONS IN CUBA.

Colored Officers and the Regulars.

NO SIGNS OF DISLOYALTY.

A Stinging Rebuke.

The letter bearing date of June 18th, 1899, and signed "Lieutenant, Casual Detachment," discrediting the patriotism and loyalty of our men of the 24th and 25th Infantry, which was published in the PLANET, may have been written by a civilian who used the title of "lieutenant" to give weight to his malicious statements; but it is quite likely that the writer used his true title.

A RECENT APPOINTEE.

If the latter be true the officer in question was without doubt either one of the recent appointees to commissions in the Regular Army who has not seen enough service to know anything of the colored soldier or by one who is too much of a coward to face the Philippines in battle himself and hopes to keep his regiment at home by harping on the untrustworthiness of its men.

A CLOAK FOR COWARDICE.

To the majority of the readers of this letter, most of whom now well know something of the Negro as a soldier, this writer, sheltered under the protecting title of "lieutenant," shows how base he can be. It would have been far better had he dispensed with the title, for his more conscientious brother officers feel it their duty to see that titles are not used in the Army as a cloak for cowardice.

A WORD ABOUT THE MAJORS.

And he would have the four majors of the 24th and 25th Infantry destined for the Philippines to use their influence to keep the two regiments in the United States for fear of being shot?

Well, if those four majors are like the majors with whom I have come in contact, they will do no such thing, and our "lieutenant" will go to the Philippines unless he can devise some other means to keep back. I know several officers who were hated by their men about as much as any officers are ever hated and went through the Cuban campaign without being shot by their men and are to-day with their regiments.

NO PARTICULAR GRUDGE AGAINST HIM.

I hope the "lieutenant" will not try to incense officers of high rank with the idea that we hold any particular grudge against them. As a rule they are the fairest toward us. Had those holding civil positions been as liberal toward us as have been many of our Army officers, many of whom have endured the hardships of the San Francisco campaign would now be holding substantial positions in the Government service.

But, does not the very way this officer goes about making public the discovery show cowardice?

THAT CHARGE OF DISLOYALTY.

Does it not show that he is too much of a coward to make officially a charge of disloyalty, attach his name and send it to the proper authorities through the proper military channels as it is his duty to do? Is it not his sworn duty to make this report? Does it not place him outside of the pale of respect of his brother officers to shrink in this manner so important a military duty, and thus change what would properly be an official report into what is very improperly a base slander? True, this "lieutenant" did not hear himself the words of unpatriotism and disloyalty, but if the words of his informant were grounds enough for his letter, it should have been grounds for charges.

WILL UPHOLD THE NATION'S HONOR.

Much as we detest this Filipino war we hope always to uphold the honor of American soldiers, to whom mutiny is a stranger, wherever we be, whether shooting Cuban bandits or suppressing patriotic Filipinos.

I would say to the "lieutenant" in question it would be far better for him to attend strictly to his duties until he has been in the service long enough to know something about the character of the men he has been sent to command, and not stop to calculate on his chances for life when ordered on an errand of any kind, for if he do his courage will surely fail him; but if he is really afraid to go to the Philippines, resign, resign! The Regular Army is no place for cowards.

Don't try to cloak your cowardice under the Negro's lack of patriotism and loyalty, but resign and let some

other brave white man take your place or some Negro first sergeant will have to lead your company in the fight.

FREELY HOLLIDAY,
Serg't Troop B. Cavalry,
Gibara, Cuba, July 10, 1899.

MR. TIEB'S PLAN.

A Gigantic Scheme—An Appeal to the Colored Folks.

Dear Sir:—

I would colonize the Negro on industrial plans which I think can be accomplished by subscriptions. We are aware of the fact that while we have from eight to ten millions of Negroes in this country, we could raise from five to eight millions of dollars by asking for voluntary subscriptions of one dollar or more, as each one feels disposed to give; or the following plan could be adopted, for instance, we could form four classes: Class A could give \$20.00 each; class B, \$10.00; class C, \$5.00; class D, \$1.00, and thus we can reach all conditions.

I would that the Bishops authorize each minister under his charge to act as agent, to collect money from all the Negroes in the Parish in which he lives, and I believe by so doing that in one year the Council can raise very nearly the amount and we can make arrangements with the True Reformers to deposit in their bank, and the money to be used by the council for colonization.

TO INVEST IN PROPERTY.

Let the appeal come through the churches to our people all over the country made by the Afro-American Council. I think that two or three millions of dollars should be invested in property, and colonize it mostly from Mississippi, Georgia, North and South Carolina, and as many who wish to migrate from any other part of the country on industrial plans. There will be employment for all trades and professions.

Let us lay out our colony, build industrial schools and colleges. By this plan the Negro would have his own colony and could invite capitalists to invest and we would do well and prosper.

I feel that if our leading men would approve of some such plan and agitate it before our people, they would grasp the idea and very readily fall in with our plans. Great things would be accomplished and the race problem would be solved.

BEVERLY TIEB,
86 Spring St., Worcester, Mass.

VIOLATED THE LAW.

Feoul Conditions in New York State.

The Proprietor Arrested.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., July 25.—Thos. Jackson, colored, today had Harry Tiedje brought into court. Tiedje keeps one of the large ice-cream places in this city. The charge against him is violating the civil rights law. As a result the city is showing signs of race trouble.

Jackson is a waiter. He had a half holiday yesterday and, with two colored girls, stopped into Tiedje's restaurant, which was well filled with customers. He went to the table in the center of the dining room and Tiedje followed. Tiedje is quoted as having said: "You cannot get ice-cream here. I will sell you ice-cream soda at the fountain, but no ice-cream at the tables." We do not serve colored people here."

Jackson, who says he has "never before suffered indignity in public because of his color," was offended. The girls with him cried and he led them out. Then he returned and asked for an explanation. Tiedje said he had observed the rule of excluding colored people from his tables for years.

Jackson consulted lawyers and early this morning Policeman Charles H. Case showed Tiedje a warrant for his arrest on a charge of misdemeanor. This had been issued on the advice of Fred. E. Ackerman and Gains Bolin, the latter a colored lawyer. The law was sent before Recorder Joseph Morechauser and swore out the warrant.

Colored people, of whom there are more than 1,000 in the city, are agitated about the case. Before the recorder Tiedje waived examination and was held for the grand jury in \$500 bail.

—Did you pay the collector or did you tell him to call again? Have the money ready for him when he returns.

NOTES FROM WEST POINT.

WEST POINT, VA., July 28, 1899.

Several excursion parties were here last week. Mr. Albert Boyton was here, the guest of Mr. George Allen.

Miss Mary White was married to Mr. Yorkey Walker of West Point Tuesday, 18th inst., at 7:30 o'clock. They will reside here.

Rev. W. W. Harris is pastor of the First Baptist Church. Rev. Edwards preached Sunday.

There was a grand rally at the Second Baptist Church, Rev. R. J. Bass, pastor. Rev. W. H. Stokes preached an able sermon. Amount raised was \$24.79.

Mr. O. C. Williams visited here last Sunday also Miss M. E. Lucas.

THE PROGRAM FOR CHICAGO.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE AFRO-AMERICAN COUNCIL.

Live Topics of Special Race Interest to be Discussed by Speakers of Wide spread Reputation.

The following program has been arranged for the annual meeting of the Afro-American Council, to be held August 17, 18 and 19, 1899, at Bethel Church, Chicago:

Thursday, 17th, 10 A. M.—Opening prayer, Bishop C. R. Harris, D. D., Salisbury, N. C. Roll call of members, Secretary of Council. Welcome address to the city by the mayor, Hon. Carter Harrison; on behalf of the pulpit, Rev. E. C. Ransom, D. D., Chicago; on behalf of the people, A. H. Roberts, Esq., Chicago. Responses: Bishop H. M. Turner, D. D., L. L. D., Atlanta; Mrs. Josephine St. P. Ruffin, Boston; Rev. E. C. Morris, Helena, Ark.; Hon. George H. White, M. C. Address of the president, Bishop A. Walters, D. D. Report of secretary, Mrs. Ida B. Wells Barnett. Treasurer's report, John W. Thompson. Appointment of committees. Report of literary bureau, ex-Governor Finckhback, chairman. Discussion of report: Prof. Peter H. Clark, St. Louis; Mrs. Josephine T. Washington, Birmingham, Ala.; Hon. H. C. Smith, Cleveland, Ohio; Mrs. Fannie Barrier Williams, Mass. "Business Enterprises of the Race and How to Foster Them," by Prof. W. E. B. DuBois, A. M., Atlanta; Bishop B. W. Arnett, D. D., Wilberforce, Ohio; Mr. Warren O. Coleman, Concord, N. C.; Hon. James Hill, Jackson, Miss.; W. R. Fetterford, Birmingham, Ala. General discussion by the delegates.

Friday, 10 A. M.—Devotional exercises. Report of Emigration Bureau, Robt. Pelham, Detroit, Mich. Discussion of papers, Hon. H. P. Chestnut, Ishai T. Montgomery, Bishop H. M. Turner.

Friday, 2 P. M.—Prayer. Routine business. "How Shall the Council be Sustained?" paper by Robert H. Terrell, Washington, D. C. Discussion: T. Thomas Fortune, New York; Bishop A. Grant, D. D., Philadelphia; J. E. Bruce, Albany; Dr. N. F. Moosell, Philadelphia; G. W. Lee, Washington; R. W. Thompson, Indianapolis.

Friday 8 P. M.—Report of Legislative Bureau by Mr. Daniel Murray, Washington, D. C. "Phases of Work," "Disfranchisement," F. L. Barnett, Chicago. "Separate Coach Law," Hon. Judson W. Lyons, Register of the Treasury, Wash. George H. White; "Convict Lease System," Mrs. J. A. Keeler. "Lynch Law in America," John Mitchell, Jr., Richmond, Va. Discussion: J. R. Clifford, West Virginia; Mrs. I. B. Wells Barnett, Mrs. W. E. Henderson, late of Wilmington, N. C. Hardships of the Colored Laborers who are transported from the South to work in the Northern Mines." Rev. H. T. Johnson, D. D. Camden, N. J.

Saturday, 10 A. M.—"Best System of Education Needed for the Race," Prof. Kelley Miller, Washington; Miss Maria Ballwin, Cambridge, Mass.; Mrs. J. A. J. Cooper, Washington; Prof. S. G. Atkins Winston, N. C.; Miss Washington. "Moral Training—its Needs and Methods," Bishop G. W. Clinton, D. D., Charlotte, N. C.; H. T. Keeling, Waco, Texas; Mrs. J. Silone Yates, Kansas City, Mo.

Saturday, 2 P. M.—"Home Training," Mrs. Booker T. Washington, Tuskegee, Ala.; Rev. W. Bishop Johnson, Washington; Miss Joanna Moore, Nashville, Tenn.; Mrs. Mary Church Terrell, Mrs. Julia Mason Layton, Washington, D. C. "Afro-American Daily," W. A. Pledger, Atlanta, Ga. Discussion: J. F. Taylor, Salt Lake City, Utah; J. C. Dancy, Salisbury, N. C.; J. W. Henderson, Providence, R. I.; G. L. Knox, Indianapolis, Ind.; William H. Ferris, Boston; E. E. Cooper, Washington; I. E. Scott, New Orleans; Charles Alexander, Huntsville, Ala.

Principal speakers will be allowed 80 minutes. Those appointed to discuss subjects, 15 minutes; others 5 minutes.

Address to the Country—Committee: W. A. Pledger, Peter H. Clark, H. C. Smith, Bishop J. W. Hood, D. D., Mrs. Booker T. Washington, F. L. Barnett, I. E. Bradley, J. Frank Blagburn, Lucy Moten, W. H. Steward, T. B. Morton, T. Thomas Fortune, P. B. Pinchback, H. F. Johnson, J. Silone Yates.

Reduced rates on the certificate plan have been secured on all railroads.

—Don't be borrowing the PLANET. Have it sent to your door. It is cheap enough. Only \$1.50 per year.